



A quick primer to get you up and running

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Why use WordPress as CMS?

- CMS: Content Management System
- Nothing to buy: Open-source software, platform free.
- Nothing to code: Web-based dashboard make
 WP the most popular CMS.
- Multiple users: Can have many people add material, at different levels of security.
- Many colleges offer free hosting, but also can be on wordpress.com
- Teaching: Good for students' resumes.



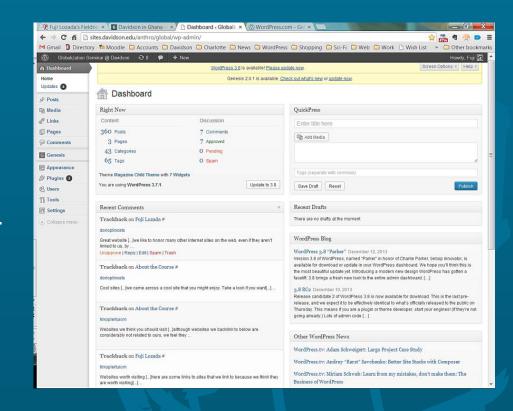
10 things to know

- Dashboard
- 2. Post vs. Pages
- 3. Users
- 4. Themes
- 5. Menus
- 6. Widgets
- 7. Plug-ins
- 8. Media
- 9. Don't worry
- 10.Have fun!



Dashboard

- This is where you control
 the look of your site, create
 and edit pages, upload and
 embed media, add users,
 etc.
- Accessed through your favorite browser; if the URL for your site is "http://mysite.edu," then your dashboard is "http://mysite.edu/wp-admin".
- You will first be asked to log-in.





Posts vs. Pages

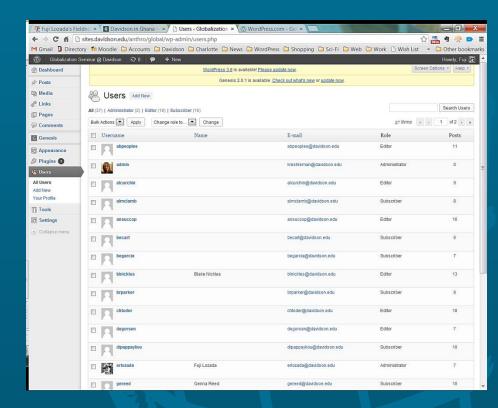
- Pages are static, for content that does not change or is not timely.
- Can be organized hierarchically, with subpages.
- This can provide the structure of your webpage, as made visible through menus.

- Posts are dynamic, the main source of content.
- They are organized by categories, which adds another structural element for your website.
- Categories can be menu items, and they can be organized hierarchically (with sub-categories).



Users

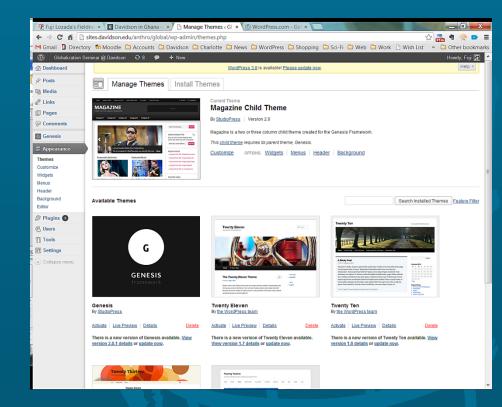
- People can be given different levels of control to the website.
 The levels, from minimum to maximum 'power,' are:
- Subscriber: (usually not used).
- Contributor: Can write and manage their own posts, but cannot publish them. Cannot touch pages.
- Author: Can publish and manage their own posts or add media.
 Cannot touch pages.
- Editor: Can write and edit all posts or add media. Cannot touch pages.
- Administrator: Can do it all.





Themes

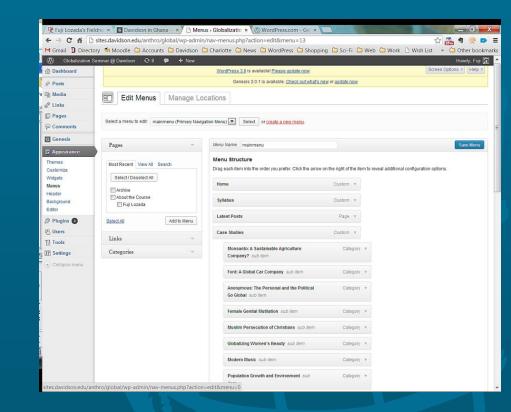
- WordPress uses templates called themes; some are free, many need to be paid for.
- Themes menu can be found under "appearance".
- Different designs for different purposes (portfolio, organizational, commerce).
- Don't use the editor (under appearance), unless you are familiar with css and php.





Menus

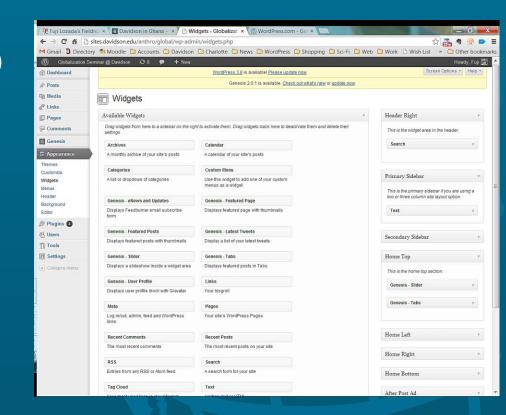
- Themes are designed to add one or two menus in specific places; locations cannot be changed (without coding).
- Menu items can be created from pages, categories, links, or individual posts.
- Items can be nested
 hierarchically using drag-and drop on the edit menu screen.
- Best practice is to use pages and categories, with occasional links, to structure your website.





Widgets

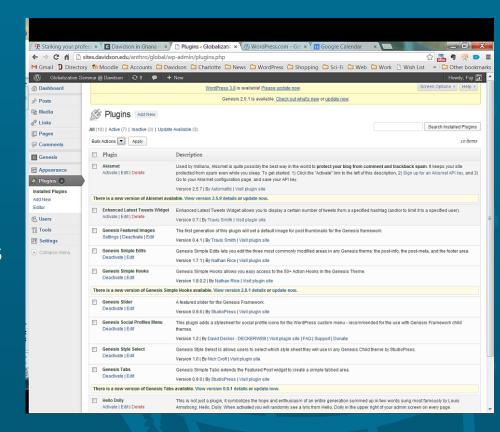
- Widgets are pre-programmed tools that provide a particular function (add RSS feeds, text boxes, drop-down menus, etc.)
- They add design features to all pages and posts, but are especially used to design your home page.
- Themes are specifically coded to place widgets in particular areas on the screen; themes are often selected based on where they place widgets.
- Widgets are added to your WordPress site by adding "plug-ins."





Plug-ins

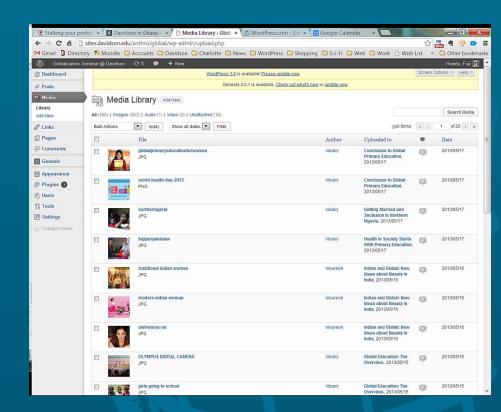
- These are tools that can be added to WordPress, mostly free.
- They do optional tasks like embedding tweets, creating sliders or slideshows, etc.
- They add menu items to your
 Dashboard, and are used
 either as widgets or shortcodes
 (in posts or pages).
- Instructions for use of plug-ins are provided by the writer of the plug-in. You can search for plug-ins from the dashboard.





Media

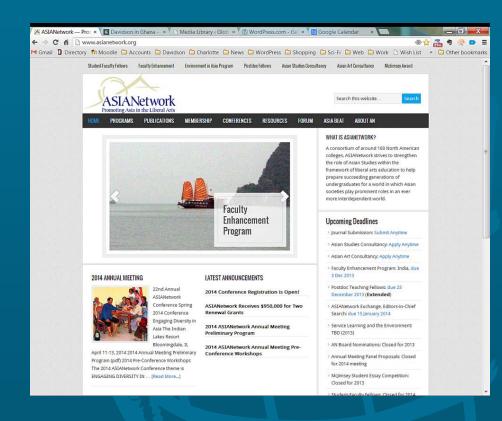
- WP manages a Media
 Library of files that you upload.
- These can be pictures,
 Word documents, pdf's, and
 other files.
- Large media files like video should be uploaded to youtube or vimeo, and then embedded in WordPress.
- "Feature Images" in posts are useful for category listings.





Most importantly ...

- Don't worry about making mistakes! If you don't know how to do something, google it (there are many WP users out there)
- Have fun! There are new themes coming out everyday, both free and paid.





Other possible non-WP resources

- Information Architecture primer: www.princeton.edu/communications/services/docs/IAgu ide2.pdf
- Web Style Guide:

 http://webstyleguide.com/wsg3/9-editorial-style/3-online-style.html
- ProfHacker on WordPress (Chronicle of Higher Education):
 http://chronicle.com/blogs/profhacker/tag/wordpress
- WP tutorial from UC Berkeley School of Journalism:
 http://multimedia.journalism.berkeley.edu/tutorials/wordpress/

